



GUIDE TO SN8 HDPE EZYFLOW STORMWATER DN100-DN1000

Introduction

EZYFLOW is a New Zealand made corrugated PE pipe system that is ideal for civil applications. Utilising the latest manufacturing technology, EZYFLOW is made to a SN8 stiffness rating under the AS/NZS 5065:2005 standard, which makes it ideal for road culverts and gravity pipelines. Supplied in 6 metre lengths, EZYFLOW is very light, yet incredibly strong, and able to withstand high loads and severe impacts. It is specified in DN – which is ID.

This installation guide is a summary of the requirements of the relevant standards. More detail can be found in AS/NZS 2566.1:1998 *Buried Flexible Pipelines: Structural design* and AS/NZS 2566.2:2002 *Buried flexible pipelines – Installation*.

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Benefits of EZYFLOW SN8 corrugated pipe

- Best resistance to abrasion.
- Superb hydraulic performance.
- Extremely strong.
- Good chemical stability.
- Safe when installing due to its lightweight and flexible nature.
- Less transport costs and install costs.
- Quick to install laying in 6m lengths.
- Bends allow for the most direct routes and reduce the need for manholes.
- Accompanied by a full range of fittings.
- Can be connected to any existing or potential pipe or manhole.
- Can be used in any soil conditions with a 100 year life.
- Completely recyclable.

Specifying

When Specifying EZYFLOW, please specify as "INFRAPIPE EZYFLOW" for the pipe reference to ensure the tendering company is able to provide a competitive tender. **Table 1 SN8 sizes**

DN	ID (A) mm	Cross-section Area (mm)	Effective Length mm	Overall Length mm	Weight (KG)
100	98	2533	6413	6490	5
150	147	5294	6348	6461	8
200	196	10132	6283	6431	12
225	218	10910	6283	6429	17
300	295	22796	6188	6389	29
375	375	39540	6188	6390	48
450	450	55786	6123	6340	75
525	525	76730	6041	6317	95
600	600	104304	5920	6273	115
800	800	185429	5936	6272	195
1000	1000	282395	5892	6283	324

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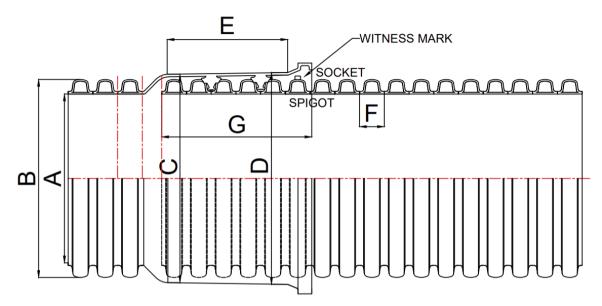
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Dimensions Table

Table 2 SN8 EZY-flow DIMENSIONS in mm



DN	B OD	C Socket ID	D Socket OD	E Spigot Length	F Pitch	G Socket Length
100	115	118/120	121/123	99	14.37	87
150	171	176/178	178/180	119	12.55	113
200	230	235/238	240/243	172	28.73	148
225	254	260/263	265/268	170	28.73	146
300	345	352/357	359/363	235	43.1	201
375	437	444/448	452/456	245	49.26	218
450	523	530/535	540/545	274	57.47	230
525	611	618/623	629/634	276	68.96	276
600	702	709/715	722/728	426	86.2	353
800	936	913/919	928/934	435	114.93	336
1000	1166	1137/1143	1154/1160	443	114.93	391

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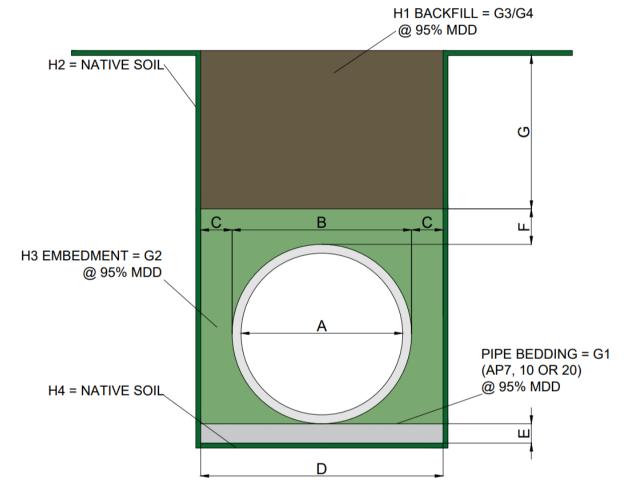
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Preparation

The trench is required to be created to the following minimum dimensions:



Note minimum soil quality for Bedding (G1), Embedment (G2) and Backfill (any)

Trench Depth

Trench Depth is derived from Table 3 – Depth of Pipe Section plus the Cover Height from Table 4:

TRENCH DEPTH = DEPTH OF PIPE SECTION + COVER DEPTH

Trench Width

Trench Width is shown in Table 4, derived from 2 * C (Side Width) plus B (OD)

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С D Е F **DEPTH OF** В TOTAL SIDE DN BEDDING BACKFILL PIPE OD WIDTH WIDTH DEPTH DEPTH SECTION

Table 3 Trench dimensions in mm

Suitable bedding material is GAP 7, 10 or 20 compacted to 95% MDD

BACKFILL MATERIAL CLASSIFICATION TABLE:

	COHESIVE BACKFILL		
G1	G2	G3	G4
• Graded Crushed Rock	Valley Sand	Weathered Gravel	• Clay
• River Gravel and Beach	 Drift & Basin Sand 	 Clayey Gravel 	• Loess
• Gravel	• Dune Sand	• Loamy Sand	• Loam
	• Beach Sand	• Liquid Sand	• Alluvial Marl
		• Alluvial Clay	

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Cover

Once the trench has been created as above with the required level of appropriate backfill, the minimum cover below is required based on soil type:

Table 4 Cover Depths in mm

The minimum pipeline cover is specified to:

- Ensure surcharge loadings are, e.g., construction loading or design loading, are not concentrated and are distributed over an appropriate area
- It is important to provide sufficient cover clearance to overlying layers that require heavy mechanical compaction, e.g., road sub-bases
- Ensure the pipe embedment or side support is appropriate in regard to the proposed land use and any foreseeable lowering of finished surface levels.

Minimum cover heights on pipes are available in Table 4.1 from AS/NZS 2566.2:2002, which states:

LOADING	MINIMUM COVER
No vehicle loading	300mm
Agricultural use zoned land	600mm
Non-carriageway vehicle loading	450mm
Sealed carriageway vehicle loading	600mm
Unsealed carriageways	750mm

If used for sealed roading the SN8 product requires a minimum cover of 600mm and has a maximum of 20m.



The first 450 of the day emerges from the machine

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Loading/unloading, handling, storage & inspection

Infrapipe has a detailed document on Loading/Unloading, Handling & Storing these products. Please read and follow this document.

Infrapipe has a detailed document on Inspection on Delivery.

Cutting

When cutting follow these instructions:

- 1. Wear appropriate PPE.
- 2. Support the pipe so that it is flat and will be restrained before and after the cut.
- 3. Cut in the groove (narrowest part) of the pipe.
- 4. Cut squarely throughout the cut.
- 5. Remove all burrs.
- 6. Create a new witness mark equal to the length of the socket that the pipe is being inserted into (see Table 5 on the next page for location).



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Joining

EZY-FLOW is joined by a **rubber ring which is ORDERED SEPARATELY** and will accompany the pipe and be sealed in a bag and undamaged on receipt. These rings are made in NZ to AS1646.2:2000 *Elastomeric seals for waterworks purposes*. When joining one EZY-FLOW to the next, follow these instructions:

- 1. Inspect socket and spigot for damage or debris and clean as required.
- 2. Place the rubber ring on the FIRST FULL GROOVE on the spigot.
- 3. Apply pipe lubricant generously to the socket (not the spigot).
- 4. Lift the pipe into the trench.
- 5. Ensure the pipe alignment is correct and an indentation has been formed below the socket to ensure the pipe alignment is unaffected – see table below for approximate indent dimensions.
- 6. Push the spigot end into the socket up to the witness mark.

DN	Indent Depth	Indent Length	Witness mark # of rings
100	15	150	6
150	20	150	5
200	20	200	5
225	20	200	5
300	25	250	4
375	25	300	5
450	25	300	4
525	25	300	4
600	25	400	6
800	25	450	4
1000	25	500	6

Table 5 Indent Dimensions in mm

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Bends

- Bends are available in the following configurations up to DN525:
- Bends of 90,45,22,11 degrees with a standard radius (1.5 times the diameter) are available up to DN525:

Table 6	Bends	Standard	Radii
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DN	Std Radius	DN	Std Radius
100	150	300	450
150	225	375	562
200	300	450	675
225	337	525	787

- Alternative radii from x 1 diameter up are available as a custom item.
- Alternative bends of any angle can be fabricated on request,
- DN600-DN1000 bends are achieved by integrating into the Krah system (see below) and can be made for any angle and any radius.
- Bends have two sockets and come with 2 rubber rings.



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Reducers

Reducers are available to reduce one size as follows. Reducers have female sockets for both diameters.

- 225>150
- 300>225
- 375>300
- 450>375
- 525>450
- 600>525

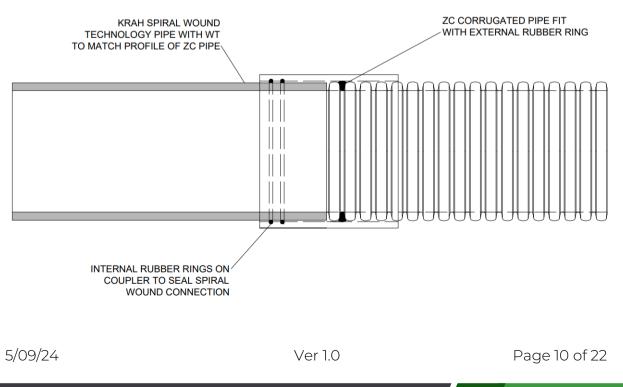
Reducers can be custom-made for 1000>800 and 800>600

If pipelines have been designed with 700 or 900 ID, the potential economies from this product are such that they can be quoted in 800 or 1000 respectively.

Connecting to HDPE pipes

EZY-FLOW can also be easily integrated into the Krah system produced by Infrapipe (in diameters 375+) creating a further range of options for connecting to other materials and diameters. <u>See here for more details</u>

Connecting to solid-wall HDPE requires a custom-made slip coupling (see below for more details). Connecting to other HDPE corrugated pipes is also easily possible with a custom-made slip coupling:









Connecting to manholes or other pipes of concrete, clay or PVC

EZY-FLOW can be easily joined to pipes of other materials and diameters and to existing manholes. This can be achieved in the following ways:

- 1. Using a standard manhole connector (DN100-DN450)
- 2. Using a custom-made fitting such as a slip coupler (DN375-DN1000)
- 3. Creating a concrete/epoxy mortar corbel around the join (DN100-1000)
- 4. Using a join to a Krah pipe and then a puddle flange and/or hydrophillic seal in conjunction with a concrete/epoxy mortar corbel (DN375-DN1000)



1- A standard manhole connector

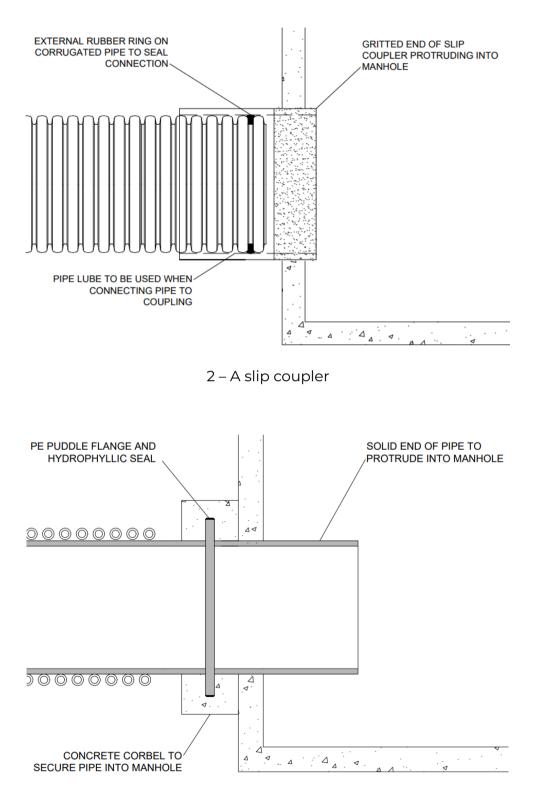
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3 & 4 – A puddle flange & a concrete corbel

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Connecting with fittings



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EZY-FLOW can be connected with a variety of fittings listed below. For unusual requirements, custom-made fittings can be fabricated. Fittings have all female sockets and come with a rubber ring for each socket. Screw cap & base, reducing T junctions and reducing Y junctions are available on request. Other fittings are either STD (standard, some quantities held in stock) or POA (Price On Application) **Table 7 Fittings availability**

	-				
DN	T Junction	Y Junction	Coupler	Manhole Connector	End Cap
100	POA	POA	POA	POA	POA
150	POA	POA	POA	POA	POA
200	POA	POA	POA	POA	POA
225	STD	STD	STD	STD	STD
300	STD	STD	STD	STD	STD
375	STD	STD	STD	STD	STD
450	STD	STD	STD	STD	STD
525	POA	POA	POA	POA	POA
600	POA	POA	POA	POA	POA
800	POA	POA	POA	POA	POA
1000	POA	POA	POA	POA	POA



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Installing or retrofitting smaller laterals

Installing laterals of 100 or 150mm diameter is best achieved using Fernco fittings. For 100 and 150mm laterals, the twin-wall saddle is ideal.



The Fernco twin-wall saddle

See the datasheet for this solution (Fernco twin-wall saddles)

Installing larger laterals

Where a pipe of greater than 150mm is to be introduced, reducing T junctions or reducing Y junctions can be used and are a standard item up to pipe DN450.

Retrofitting laterals

The most economical and efficient way to retrofit a lateral is with the Fernco Storm-T fitting:

See the datasheet for this solution (Fernco Storm-T)

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A Fernco Storm-T fitting

Installing or retrofitting larger laterals or onto larger pipes

If the above options do not suit the diameters of the lateral or the main pipe, then a connection can be achieved in one of two ways:

- An interface with a Krah product which can then be custom-made to receive the lateral
- An interface with a manhole (as above) which then joins the pipes

Half-lengths & further products

- Half-lengths (3m) for use in short runs or trench shields will be available later in 2024.
- Endless (no socket) lengths will be available in 2025 in sizes DN100-600
- Double sockets will be available in 2025 in sizes DN100-600

Maintenance & modification

- Nil maintenance of this product is required.
- For modifications, contact Infrapipe who can advise on the best way to achieve this.

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Care of the product and maintaining your warranty

- For full details on how to care for the product read <u>Infrapipes Guide to</u> <u>Maintaining your warranty.</u>
- Due to the wall thickness of this product, HDPE welding is not recommended.
- In the event of damage during or after installation, repairs can be conducted by cutting out the damaged section and using shear bands with a new section of pipe as shown below. For further advice, contact Infrapipe.

Standards, Certification & Testing

- 1. This product has been certified to AS/NZS 5065:2005 license no. AMI 74961, the certificate is Appendix A1.
- 2. Infrapipe is certified to ISO 9001:2015 license no. AMI 78044, the certificate is Appendix A2.
- 3. The fittings are produced using pipes made to AS/NZS 1260:2017 license numbers BV 2802 and WMK 26689, the certificates are Appendix A5. **See below for further details on fitting certification.**
- 4. The rubber rings are certified to AS1646.2:2007 *Elastomeric seals for waterworks purposes* and AS/NZS 4020:2018, the certificate is Appendix A3
- 5. Pipes are tested by Infrapipe in their test lab in accordance with ISO 9969:2016 Thermoplastic pipes Determination of Ring Stiffness

Administration

- Pipes are held in stock in Auckland, Palmerston North, Nelson and Christchurch. Some fittings are held in stock but most have a 2 week leadtime.
- Codes are in the back pages of this document.
- A schedule document is available to download
- Orders should be emailed to <u>sales@infrapipe.co.nz</u>

<u>All documents (including this), are available at Infrapipe's website -</u> <u>Downloads</u>

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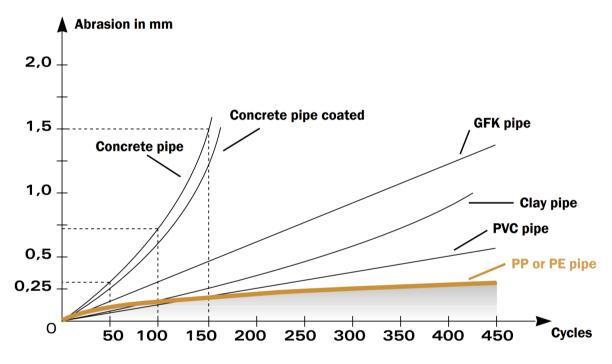
Technical specifications

Friction resistance/Velocity of HDPE - 7.5m/s

• The Colebrook-white roughness coefficient for new polypropylene pipes is in the range 0.003–0.015mm.

Abrasion resistance

HDPE has the optimum abrasion resistance of any pipe material as proven in numerous tests:



Abrasion curve of various pipe materials according to the Darmstadt procedure.

The Darmstadt procedure, which has been the standard for abrasion testing since the 1960s, simulates the abrasion and resulting wear of liners and pipes that would occur in actual operating conditions by tilting a pipe section containing a mix of sand, gravel and water through 22.5degrees above and below the horizontal for at least 100,000 cycles. The results for PP or PE pipe show a greater resistance to abrasion and hence operating life.

Pressure

EZYFLOW is tested to 20psi and therefore approved for use up to 1 Bar (14.5psi)

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Marking

Product is marked in two ways.

In addition to the witness mark, the socket end is embossed with the "DN/ID" and "Made in NZ to AS NZS 5065".

There is also print on the pipe as follows:

- Manufacturers name
- Nominal size
- Class
- Material
- Date of manufacture DD-MM-YY



SN16 has a red stripe; SN8 has blue

An example is:

INFRAPIPE - DN300 - SN8 - PP - 150724

Due to the shape of the product, some characters may be illegible in any given mark, however as the code is repeated every metre the entire marking can be derived from combining multiple marks.

Chemical resistance

Polypropylene is highly inert and therefore has superb resistance to NZ soils.

The Infrapipe chart of chemical resistance can be found here

Longevity

Polyethylene has a one hundred year life.

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Fittings Certification

HDPE custom-made Krah fittings are certified under AS/NZS 5065:2005 Polyethylene and polypropylene pipes and fittings for drainage and sewerage applications. The certificate is in Appendix A2.

PVC fitting manufacturer Solo is registered under ISO 9001:2015. The certificate is in Appendix A4.

PVC fabricated Fittings are assessed under AS/NZS 1254:2010 *PVC-U pipes and fittings for stormwater and surface water applications* Section 6 FABRICATED FITTINGS (excerpt below). The following operative sections apply:

6.2 (b) "Pipes and moulded fittings used in the manufacture of fabricated fittings shall .. comply with the requirements of AS/NZS 1260:2017 (>SN4)"

The source pipe for the fittings is produced from compliant pipe and the certificate is attached in Appendix A5.

6.3 "Fabricated fittings shall comply with the relevant provisions of Clauses 5.2 and 5.3"

5.2 and 5.3 stipulate fitting dimensions and wall thicknesses only for moulded fittings for solvent cement jointing except that 5.2.3 also states that "Sockets on moulded fittings for elastomeric seal jointing shall be in accordance with the requirements of Section 7". Section 7 is addressed below.

6.3 "Where fabricated fittings are composed of pipe sections, the sockets shall comply .. with Section 7 for elastomeric seal joints"

Section 7 has two requirements:

- 1. That the seal complies with AS1646:2017, see above, certificate in Appendix A3.
- 2. That the effective sealing length is no less than a given value as per the table below:

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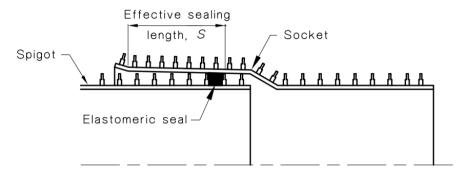


FIGURE 7.2 TYPICAL ELASTOMERIC SEAL JOINT ON RIBBED AND PROFILE WALL PIPES AND FITTINGS

Table 9 Effective Sealing le	engths from AS/NZS 1254
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DN	Minimum effective sealing length mm	EZYFLOW effective sealing length mm (Spigot Length – 1 * Pitch)(E-F)
100	41	85
150	47	107
225	55	142
300	63	192
375	75	196

450 and over is not stipulated in the standard but it can be seen that the design exceeds the requirement by a factor of 1 to 2.5

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6.4 "The minimum free bore of the fitting shall be not less than 95% of the minimum mean inside diameter of the corresponding pipe"

The table below shows the free bore in relation to the requirement in the standard:

DN	Actual ID mm	Free bore mm at 95% of ID	Actual Fitting ID mm
100	98	93	101.6
150	147	140	147.9
225	218	207	231.3
300	295	280	290.8
375	375	356	370.1
450	450	427	460.7

Table 10 Free bore requirements from AS/NZS 1254

6.5 Marking

Fittings are marked accordingly with the following:

- The manufacturers name
- Nominal size
- The letters "PVC" or "PVC-U"
- The angle of the fitting in the case of bends and branches
- The word "STORMWATER"
- The class of fitting
- The number of this standard

An example is:

Solo – DN375 – PVC-U – 45 – STORMWATER – SN16 – AS/NZS1254

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